SYNOPSIS	
Name of Sponsor/Company	Daiichi Sankyo Co., Ltd.
Name of Finished Product	NARUVEIN® INJECTION
Name of Active Ingredient	hydromorphone hydrochloride (INN)
Title of Study	DS-7113b injection phase II/III study
	A DS-7113b injection open clinical study in patients with cancer
	pain (continuous intravenous injection)
Investigators	-
Study Centre(s)	35sites
Publication (reference)	-
Studied Period	January 2015 – January 2016
Phase of Development	Phase II/III
Objectives	To evaluate the safety, efficacy and pharmacokinetics following
	continuous-administration treatment of DS-7113b injection in
	patients with cancer pain on opioid analgesics, patients with cancer
	pain without opioid analgesics.
Methodology	A multicenter, open-label, uncontrolled study
Number of Patients (planned	Planned: 70 subjects
and analyzed)	Analyzed: 69 subjects
Diagnosis and Main Criteria	Inclusion:
for Inclusion	• Patients with cancer pain who have been receiving regular
	strong opioids for at least 7 days prior to enrollment
	(Opioid-use group)
	• Patients with cancer pain who have not been on opioid
	analgesics, whose Pain Intensity is moderate or severe and
	VAS is 35 mm and over and judged necessary to be treated
	with strong opioid analgesics (Opioid-naïve group)
	• Patients with an ECOG Performance Status (PS) is \leq 3, etc.
	Exclusion:
	• Patients with symptom(s)/finding(s) falling under the
	contraindications or relative contraindications stated in the
	package insert for morphine and oxycodone hydrochloride
	injections.
	• Patients with serious hepatic, renal, or respiratory
	disorder, etc.
Test Product, Dose and Mode	Test product (batch number):
of Administration, Batch	DS-7113b injection 2 mg/1mL (D7113I1H14M01A)

Number	DS-7113b injection 20 mg/2mL (D7113I1H14M04A)
	Dosage and Administration:
	• Opioid-use group: The daily dose of the opioid analgesic in the
	previous treatment is converted to the morphine injection
	equivalent dose, and $1/8$ dose ($\pm 20\%$) is continuously administered
	subcutaneously.
	• Opioid-naïve group: Received continuous intravenous doses of
	0.5 to 1.0 mg daily.
	When it was judged that a dose increase or reduce was necessary
	during the period of study drug administration, it was possible to
	increase or reduce the dose step by step.
Duration of Treatment	Treatment period: up to 28 days
	Post-treatment observation period: 1 day
Reference Therapy, Dose and	None
Mode of Administration,	
Batch Number	
Criteria for Evaluation	Efficacy: Pain control rate (primary endpoint)
	Definition of Pain control: If the condition that meets all of the
	following conditions continues for 2 days until Day 7 of
	administration.
	1) The daily dose of DS-7113b is same.
	2) Pain intensity is "none" or "mild".
	3) Rescue medication less than 4 times a day.
	Safety: Adverse event, Clinical laboratory evaluation, etc.
Statistical Method	Primary endpoint:
	Pain control rate and its 95% CI were calculated at evaluate point.
Summary - Conclusion	• The pain control rate at FAS was 73.9% (51/69). (95% CI =
	61.9, 83.7)
	· Rescue medication was evaluated by pain relief (PR) score
	after 10 minutes rescue administration. As a result, "0. None"
	was 19.9% (37/186), and "1. Slight" or more was 80.1%
	(149/186).
	· The average value (standard deviation) of the total body
	clearance in steady state was 51.3 (17.4) L/h .
	• Adverse events observed 40.0%. The main events (expression
	rate 5% or more) were somnolence 20.0% (14/70), nausea
	10.0% (7/70), constipation 7.1% (5/70), and vomiting 7.1%

	(5/70).
	As described above, DS-711b injection was confirmed to be safe
	and effective continuous use as a regular treatment with a strong
	opioid analgesic in patients with cancer pain.
Date of Report	October, 4, 2018