# Results Briefing

### Results for Q2 FY2010

(April 1 - September 30, 2010)

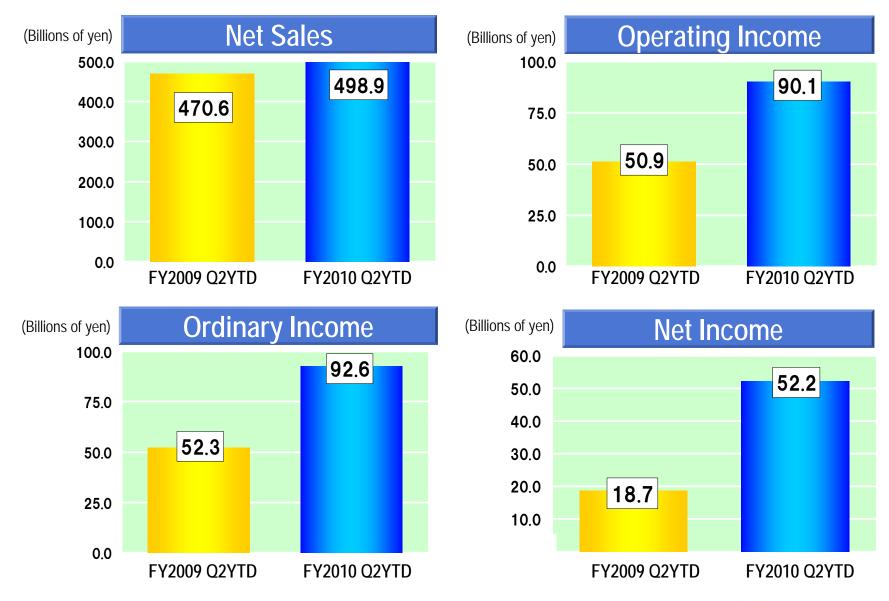
November 1, 2010 President and CEO Joji Nakayama



## Results Overview



#### Overview of FY2010 Q2 YTD Results



### Overview of FY2010 Q2 YTD Results - compared with FY2009 Q2 YTD - COMPARED TO SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

(Billions	of ven.	ratio	to sal	les)
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	FY2009 Q2 YTD Results (1)	FY2010 Q2 YTD Results (2)	YoY (2)-(1)
Net Sales	100%	100%	
TTO COUICO	470.6	498.9	28.3
Cost of Sales	29.2%	27.8%	
Cost of Sales	137.2	138.5	1.2
SG&A	40.0%	36.3%	
expenses	188.4	181.0	-7.4
R&D	20.0%	17.9%	
expenses	94.1	89.3	-4.8
Total Evnance	60.0%	54.2%	
Total Expense	282.5	270.3	-12.2
Operating Income	10.8%	18.1%	
Operating Income	50.9	90.1	39.3
Ordinary Incomo	11.1%	18.6%	
Ordinary Income	52.3	92.6	40.4
Not Income	4.0%	10.5%	
Net Income	18.7	52.2	33.5

Ranl	paxy	
2009 Jan-Jun Results (3)	2010 Jan-Jun Results (4)	YoY (4)-(3)
100%	100%	
66.1	98.7	32.5
57.7% 37.5	39.8% 39.2	1.7
41.3% 26.6	27.5% 27.1	0.6
6.7% 4.4	6.4% 6.4	1.9
48.4% 31.0	33.9% 33.5	2.5
-3.6% -2.4	26.3% 25.9	28.3
-79.2% -3.3	29.6% 29.2	32.5
-57.0% -2.7	23.2% 22.9	25.6

Note: Figures of Ranbaxy are pre-adjusted before consolidation



### **Year-on-Year Comparisons**

#### 1. Net Sales

¥498.9 billion (+¥28.3 billion, +6.0%)

- Positive factors
  - Ranbaxy contribution centering on Valacyclovir (+¥32.4 billion)
  - Olmesartan (+¥6.2 billion), Loxonin (+¥3.2 billion)
  - Milestone payment received on the approval of Denosumab in Europe
- Negative factors (including forex impact of around ¥14.0 billion)
  - Levofloxacin (-¥9.4 billion)
  - Pravastatin (-¥6.0 billion)
- 2. Operating Income ¥90.1 billion (+¥39.3 billion, +77.2%)
  - Factors (increased sales and lower SGA)
    - Ranbaxy (+¥28.3 billion)
       SGA (+¥2.5 billion)
    - Daiichi Sankyo (+¥10.2 billion)
       SGA (-¥13.8 billion)
    - Consolidation adjustments and other factors (+¥700 million)



### **Year-on-Year Comparisons**

- 3. Ordinary Income
- ¥92.6 billion (+¥40.4 billion, +77.3%)
- ■Non-operating income
  - Ranbaxy-related loss on valuation of derivatives, etc. (-¥2.9 billion)
- ■Non-operating expenses
  - Ranbaxy-related forex losses, etc. (-¥7.1 billion)

4. Net Income

¥52.2 billion (¥33.5 billion, +179.0%)

- Extraordinary income (+¥5.2 billion)
  - · Gains on sales of fixed assets and investment securities, etc.
- Extraordinary losses (+¥5.1 billion)
  - Loss on valuation of investment securities, etc.
- ■Income taxes (-¥2.0 billion)
- Minority interests (+¥9.0 billion) Ranbaxy-related



### Outline of FY2010 Q2 YTD Results - compared with forecast -

(Billions of yen, ratio to sales)

		FY2010 Q2 YTD			
		Forecast (1)	Results (2)	(2)-(1)	
Net S	Sales	100.0% <b>495.0</b>	100.0% <b>498.9</b>	3.9	
	Cost of Sales	28.1% <b>139.0</b>	27.8% <b>138.5</b>	-0.5	
	SG&A expenses	38.2% <b>189.0</b>	36.3% <b>181.0</b>	-8.0	
	R&D expenses	19.6% <b>97.0</b>	17.9% <b>89.3</b>	-7.7	
	Total Expense	57.8% <b>286.0</b>	54.2% <b>270.3</b>	-15.7	
Ope	rating Income	14.1% <b>70.0</b>	18.1% <b>90.1</b>	20.1	
Ordi	nary Income	14.1% <b>70.0</b>	18.6% <b>92.6</b>	22.6	
Net I	ncome	6.7% <b>33.0</b>	10.5% <b>52.2</b>	19.2	



### **FY2010 Revised Forecast**

(Billions of yen, ratio to sales)

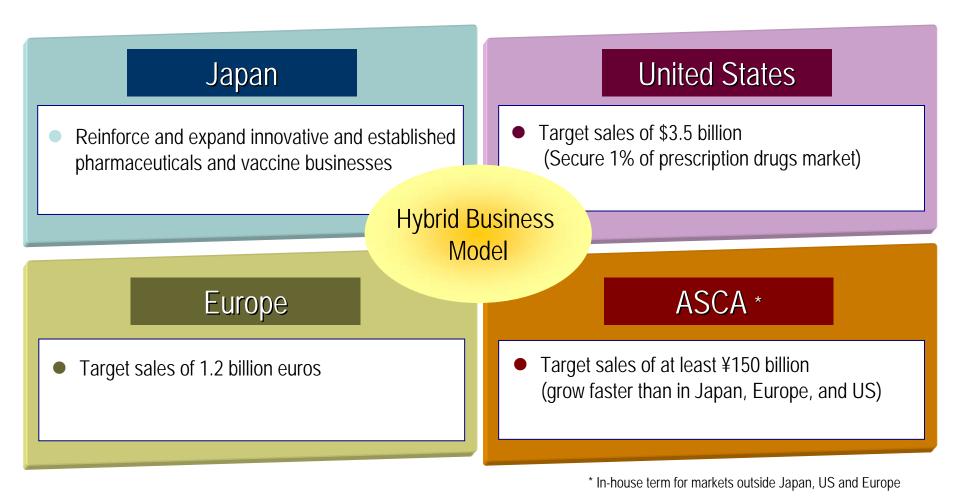
		Original Forecast (1)	Revised Forecast (2)	YoY (2)-(1)	Main Factors
Net	Sales	100.0% <b>980.0</b>	100.0% <b>980.0</b>	0	Positive Factors:+18.0 Increased sales of Ranbaxy, Luitpold, and others Negative Factors: Forex impact -18.0
	Cost of Sales	29.6% <b>290.0</b>	29.8% <b>292.0</b>	2.0	Forex impact:-2.0 Increased costs from higher sales:+4.0
	SG&A expenses	39.8% <b>390.0</b>	38.6% <b>378.0</b>	-12.0	Forex impact:-9.0 Cost containment:-3.0
	R&D expenses	21.4% <b>210.0</b>	21.4% <b>210.0</b>	0	Forex impact:-5.0 Cost containment etc.:-3.0
	Total Expense	61.2% <b>600.0</b>	60.0% <b>588.0</b>	-12.0	
Ope	rating Income	9.2% <b>90.0</b>	10.2% <b>100.0</b>	10.0	
Ordi	inary Income	8.7% <b>85.0</b>	10.2% <b>100.0</b>	15.0	
Net	Income	4.6% <b>45.0</b>	5.6% <b>55.0</b>	10.0	



### Memo



### Second MTP: Regional Business Strategies





### Bolstering Our Domestic Presence to Become Japan's Top Company

#### Innovative Pharmaceuticals: Maximize New Products

New Domestic Prescription Pharmaceuticals in Fiscal 2010

Rezaltas	<antihypertensive></antihypertensive>	Launched on April 16, 2010
Loxonin Gel	<anti-inflammatory analgesic="" and=""></anti-inflammatory>	Launched on October 5, 2010
Inavir	<anti-influenza treatment="" virus=""></anti-influenza>	Launched on October 19, 2010
Cravit Injection	<synthetic agent="" antibacterial=""></synthetic>	Approved on October 27, 2010

#### **Current Domestic Filings**

Memantine	<treatment alzheimer's="" dementia="" of="" type=""></treatment>	Submitted on February 5, 2010
Edoxaban	<oral factor="" inhibitor="" xa=""> Post-surgical venous thromboembolism</oral>	Submitted on March 29, 2010
Denosumab	<anti-rankl antibody=""> Bone metastases of cancer</anti-rankl>	Submitted on August 24, 2010

#### **Domestic Product In Licensing**

Esomeprazole	<proton inhibitor="" pump=""></proton>	
Esomeprazole	<proton inhibitor="" pump=""></proton>	



### Bolstering Our Domestic Presence to Become Japan's Top Company

#### Established Pharmaceuticals

- Launching Daiichi Sankyo Espha operations (October 1, 2010)
  - Network of around 70 medical representatives in 12 areas nationwide
  - Products: Long-listed, off-patent pharmaceuticals 19 products consisting of seven long-listed compounds, transferred from Daiichi Sankyo

Generics - 43 products incorporating 24 generic compounds

• Sales target for October 2010 through March 2011: Around ¥5 billion (for generic and long-listed pharmaceuticals)



• Targeting ¥50 billion in generics sales by 2015, representing 5% of generic market

#### Vaccine Business

Building foundations for full-fledged vaccine business

Concluded a basic accord on July 30, 2010, to establish Kitasato Daiichi Sankyo Vaccine Co., Ltd. To play a central role in cultivating our vaccine business through its production and R&D capabilities

- Late November 2010: Planning to conclude final agreement to establish the company
- April 1, 2011: Planned establishment and operational start of the company
- Fiscal 2010 (plan): Launch of measles and rubella vaccines



### **Status of Major Business Units**

(Billions of yen)

	F	Y2010 Sales	sillions of yen)
	2Q YTD Results (1)	Full Year Forecast (2)	Progress (1)/(2)
Daiichi Sankyo Co., Ltd. Total Net Sales of Ethical Pharmaceuticals	208.3	415.0	50.2%
Daiichi Sankyo Healthcare Co., Ltd. (DSHC)	21.0	48.5	43.3%
Daiichi Sankyo, Inc. (DSI)	67.5	145.0	46.5%
Luitpold Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (LPI)	28.4	47.0	60.5%
Daiichi Sankyo Europe GmbH (DSE)	31.4	75.5	41.6%
Asia, South and Central America (ASCA)	13.0	28.0	46.4%
Ranbaxy Laboratories Limited	98.5	165.0	59.7%



### Sales of Major Products

(Billions of yen)

				F	Y2010 Sales		(Billions of yen)
			Q2 YTD Results	Progress*1	YoY	Full Year Forecast	YoY
	Olmesartan	antihypertensive	121.6	48.2%	6.2	260.0	21.7
GLOBAL	Levofloxacin	synthetic antibacterial agent	33.9	48.9%	-9.4	70.0	-17.2
GEO	Pravastatin	antihyperlipidemic agent	23.7	54.3%	-6.0	44.0	-11.0
	Prasugrel	antiplatelet alliance revenue *2	1.8	-	-	-	-
	Calblock	antihypertensive	7.2	51.4%	0.2	14.0	0.3
	Artist	antihypertensive	12.0	53.2%	0.0	22.5	-0.8
Japan	Kremezin	treatment for chronic renal failure	7.0	54.0%	0.2	13.0	-0.3
Jak	Loxonin	anti-inflammatory analgesic	26.9	52.7%	3.2	51.0	4.0
	Omnipaque	contrast agent	13.0	56.6%	-1.7	23.0	-4.3
	Urief	treatment for dysuria	4.9	42.8%	0.5	11.5	2.5
U.S.	Venofer	treatment for iron deficiency anemia	16.1	60.5%	0.0	27.0	-5.2
D.	Welchol	antihyperlipidemic agent / treatment for type 2 diabetes	14.4	51.0%	1.0	28.5	1.0

Note: We do not revise forecast by product line.



<sup>\*1</sup> We have excluded forex factors from progress rates for global and overseas products.

<sup>\*2</sup> We do not disclose forecast of prasugrel.

## **R&D Pipeline Update**



### R&D Pipeline Progress since July 2010

### Stage progress

- Application → Approval
  - CS-8958: Laninamivir, anti-influenza, treatment (JPN)
    - Brand name: Inavir® Dry Powder Inhaler 20mg
  - Levofloxacin Injection: fluoroquinolone (JPN)
    - Brand name: Cravit® intravenous drip infusion
- Phase III → Application
  - AMG 162: Denosumab, bone metastases of cancer (JPN)
- Phase II → Phase III
  - AMG 162: Denosumab, breast cancer adjuvant (JPN)
  - DD-723-B: Perflubutane, ultrasound contrast agent (JPN)
- Phase I → Phase II
  - U3-1287: Anti-HER3 antibody (US/EU)
  - CS-1008: Tigatuzumab, Anti-DR5 antibody (JPN)
- Phase I
  - DS-5565: Chronic pain



### **Development Pipeline**

	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Application
Cardiovascular diseases	- DB-772d		- Prasugrel (ACS-MM) - Edoxaban (AF/VTE)	- Edoxaban (JPN) - CS-8635 (EU)
Diabetes mellitus		- CS-1036		
Malignant neoplasm		- ARQ 197 - Tigatuzumab - CS-7017 - Nimotuzumab (#) - U3-1287		
Infectious diseases	- CS-4771 - DS-8587		- Laninamivir	
Bone / joint diseases				- Denosumab (JPN)
Immunological allergic diseases	- CS-0777	- SUN 13834		
Others	- DS-5565		- Human ghrelin - DD-723-B (#)	- Silodosin (China) - Memantine (JPN)

- Only the most advanced stages are described for the projects under global development
- # : Developed only in JPN



### Reference: FY2010 Daiichi Sankyo Briefings

	Date (JST)
Ranbaxy 2010 Q3 Financial Results	November 11, 2010
R&D Meeting	December 10, 2010 9:30- Keidanren Kaikan
FY2010 Q3 Financial Results	January 31, 2011 ( Conference Call )



#### Contact address regarding this material

#### DAIICHI SANKYO CO., LTD.

### Corporate Communications Department

TEL: +81-3-6225-1126 Public Relations

+81-3-6225-1125 Investor Relations

FAX: +81-3-6225-1132

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